- (4) An insurance company regulated by a State or National insurance regulatory agency;
- (5) State Bond Banks or State Bond Pools; and
- (6) Other lenders that possess the legal powers necessary and incidental to making and servicing guaranteed loans involving community development-type projects. These lenders must also be subject to credit examination and supervision by either an appropriate agency of the United States or a State that supervises and regulates credit institutions and provide documentation acceptable to the Agency that they have the ability to service the loan. Lenders under this category must be approved by the National Office prior to the issuance of the loan guarantee.
- (b) Conflict of interest. When the lender's officers, stockholders, directors, or partners (including their immediate families) or the borrower, its officers, stockholders, directors, or partners (including their immediate families) own, or have management responsibilities in each other, the lender must disclose such business or ownership relationships. The Agency will determine if such relationships are likely to result in a conflict of interest. This does not preclude lender officials from being on the borrower's board of directors.

§ 3575.28 Transfer of lenders or borrowers (prior to issuance of Loan Note Guarantee).

- (a) Prior to issuance of the loan guarantee, the Agency may approve the transfer of an outstanding Conditional Commitment for Guarantee from the present lender to a new eligible lender, provided:
- (1) The former lender states in writing why it does not wish to continue to be the lender for this project;
- (2) No substantive changes in ownership or control of the borrower has occurred:
- (3) No substantive changes in the borrower's written plan, scope of work, or changes in the purpose or intent of the project has occurred; and
- (4) No substantive changes in the loan agreement or Conditional Commitment for Guarantee are required.

- (b) The substitute lender must execute a new application for loan and guarantee (available in any Agency office).
- (c) If approved, the Agency will issue a letter of amendment to the original Conditional Commitment for Guarantee reflecting the new lender who will acknowledge acceptance of the offer in writing.
- (d) Once the Conditional Commitment for Guarantee is issued, the Agency will not approve any substitution of borrowers, including changes in the form of the legal entity. Exceptions to a change in the legal entity may be requested when the original borrower is replaced with substantially the same individuals or officers with the same interest as originally approved.

§ 3575.29 Fees and charges by lender.

- (a) Routine charges and fees. The lender may establish the charges and fees for the loan, provided they do not exceed those charged other borrowers for similar types of transactions. "Similar types of transactions" mean those transactions involving the same type of loan for which a non-guaranteed loan borrower would be assessed charges and fees.
- (b) Late payment fees. Late payment charges will not be covered by the Loan Note Guarantee. Such charges may not be added to the principal and interest due under any guaranteed note. Late payment charges may be made only if:
- (1) They are routinely made by the lender in all types of loan transactions;
- (2) Payment has not been received within the customary timeframe allowed by the lender; or
- (3) The lender agrees with the borrower, in writing, that the rate or method of calculating the late payment charges will not be changed to increase charges while the Loan Note Guarantee is in effect.
- (c) Guarantee fees. The guaranteed loan fee will be the applicable guarantee fee rate multiplied by the principal loan amount multiplied by the percent of guarantee. The one-time guarantee fee is paid when the Loan Note Guarantee is issued.